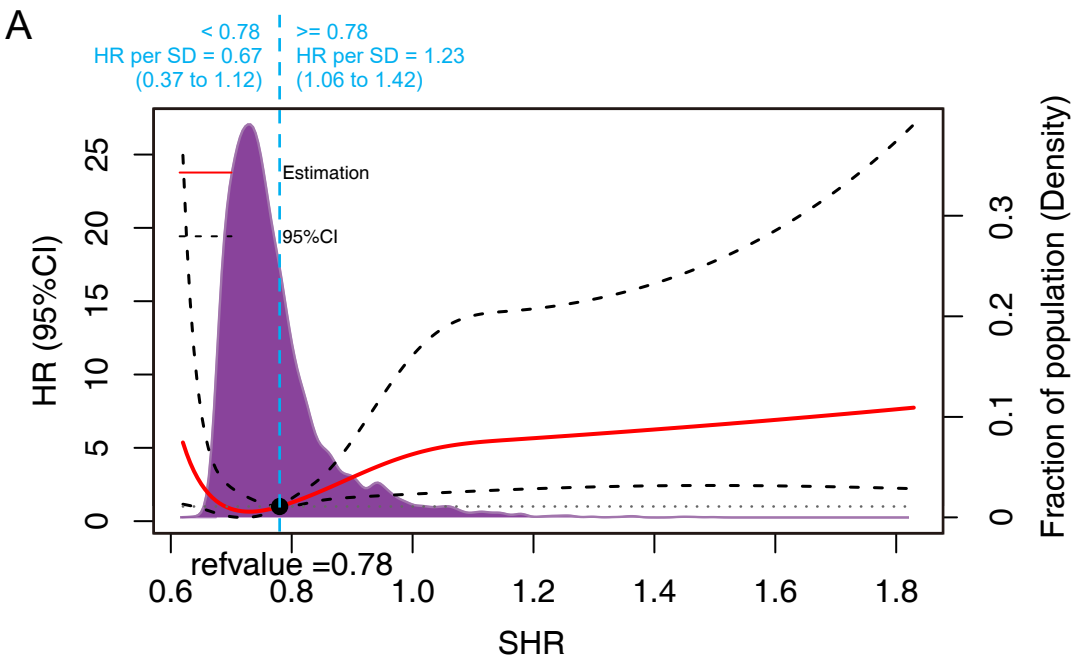
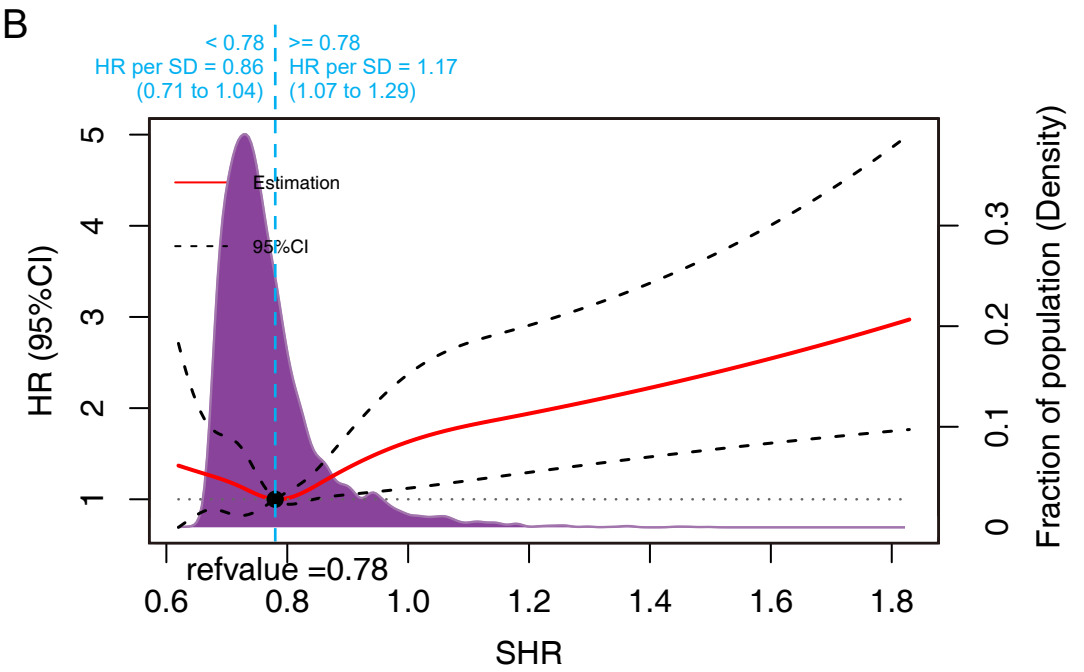
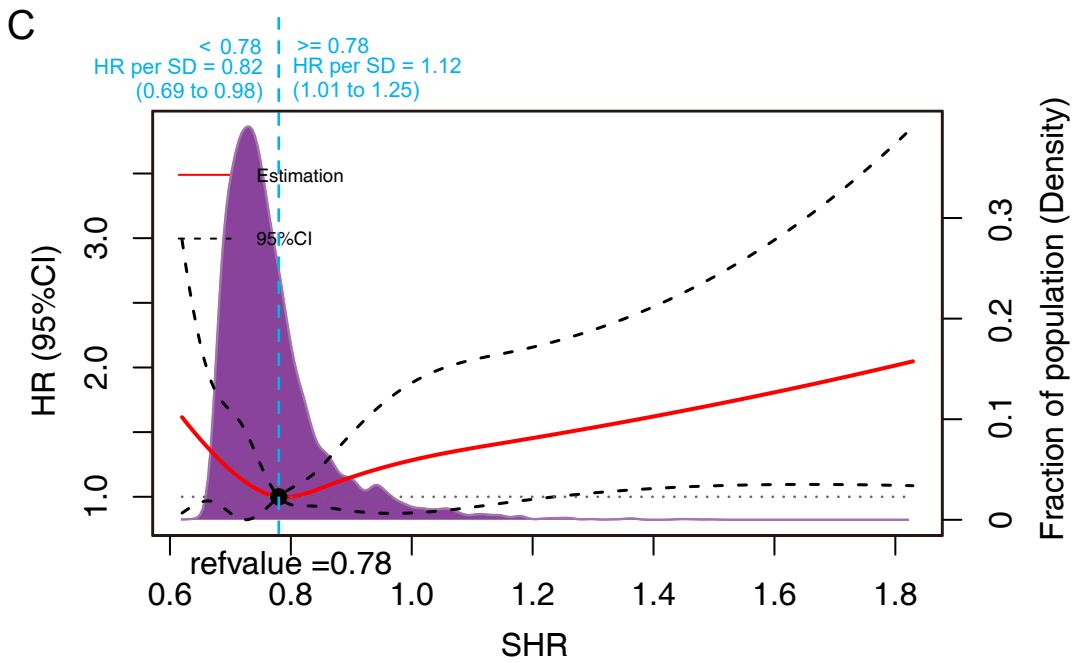






Supplementary Figure 7 | association of SHR and poor cardiovascular prognosis.
A: SHR and cardiac death at two-year follow-up; B: SHR and myocardial infarction at two-year follow-up;
C: SHR and target vessel revascularization at two-year follow-up.
All analyses were adjusted confounding factors including age, sex, BMI, diagnosis on admission, family history, previous MI, previous PCI, previous CABG, HTN, HL, DM, previous stroke, smoking status, LM disease, 3-vessel disease, CTO disease, ISR disease, SYNTAX score, Type, number, length, and diameter of stents, IABP application, DBP, LVEF, low-T3 syndrome, EGFR, TG, TC, LDL-C, HDL-C, Hb, uric acid, hs-CRP, and oral drugs (DAPT, statin, β-blocker, ACEI/ARB, and CCB) at discharge
Hazard ratios are indicated by red solid lines and 95% CIs by black dotted line. Density plot are presented by purple shadow area. SHR corresponding to the HR equal to 1 (refvalue) are shown by dark spot. All P values for non-linearity < 0.05.