Supplementary Files

Supplementary Table 1. Interactions between moderator variables (self-esteem, diabetes-specific self-efficacy and social support) and diabetes stigma for adults with type 1 diabetes (N=1,078)

Holmes-Truscott E, Ventura AD, Thuraisingam S, Pouwer F, Speight J. Psychosocial moderators of the impact of diabetes stigma: results from the second Diabetes MILES – Australia (MILES-2) study.

Self-esteem

Figure 1: Adjusted Predictions for participants with Type 1 diabetes
Anxiety v.s Stigma

Diabetes-specific self-efficacy

Figure 1: Adjusted Predictions for participants with Type 1 diabetes
Anxiety v.s Stigma

Diabetes-specific Social support

Figure 1: Adjusted Predictions for participants with Type 1 diabetes
Anxiety v.s Stigma

Supplementary Table 5. Interactions between moderator variables (self-esteem, diabetes-specific self-efficacy and social support) and diabetes stigma for adults with type 2 diabetes non-insulin (N=733)

Self-esteem

Figure 1: Adjusted Predictions for participants with Type 2 diabetes non-insulin Anxiety v.s Stigma

Diabetes-specific self-efficacy

Figure 1: Adjusted Predictions for participants with Type 2 diabetes non-insulin Anxiety v.s Stigma

Diabetes-specific Social support

Figure 1: Adjusted Predictions for participants with Type 2 diabetes non-insulin Anxiety v.s Stigma

Table 6. Interactions between moderator variables (self-esteem, diabetes-specific self-efficacy and social support) and diabetes stigma for adults with type 2 diabetes insulin-using (N=531)

Self-esteem

Figure 1: Adjusted Predictions for participants with Type 2 diabetes insulin-using Anxiety v.s Stigma

Diabetes-specific self-efficacy

Figure 1: Adjusted Predictions for participants with Type 2 diabetes insulin-using Anxiety v.s Stigma

Diabetes-specific Social support

Figure 1: Adjusted Predictions for participants with Type 2 diabetes insulin-using Anxiety v.s Stigma

Figures: Sensitivity Analysis

Figure 1a. Sensitivity Analyses: Estimated association between diabetes stigma and HbA1c (%) by δ for adults with type 1 diabetes

Figure 1b. Sensitivity Analyses: Estimated association between diabetes stigma and HbA1c (%) by δ for adults with non-insulin-treated type 2 diabetes

Figure 1c. Sensitivity Analyses: Estimated association between diabetes stigma and HbA1c (%) by δ for adults with insulin-treated type 2 diabetes